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Livestock Exhibit Best Practices Checklist

These best practices are based on the <u>Compendium of Measures to Prevent Disease Associated</u> <u>with Animals in Public Settings, 2017</u>, which can be found at:

https://agriculture.vermont.gov/sites/agriculture/files/documents/Animal_Health/Fairs/Animal_ContactCompendium2017.pdf.

If you are a livestock or poultry exhibit manager, please use this checklist as a tool to help design and operate your facility in a manner that is safe for both the animals and visitors.

<u>Facility</u>	<u>/ Design</u>	
	Handwashing stations	
	☐ Running water	
	☐ Accessible for children and persons with disabilities	
	☐ Plan in place for restocking paper towels, soap, and water	
	Hand sanitizer (Hand sanitizer should be used as a supplement to soap and water and does not replace soap and water for handwashing)	
	☐ Plan in place for restocking sanitizer	
	Petting of animals only allowed over/through barriers (fences); visitors not allowed into pens	
	No physical contact by the public with chicks, ducklings, reptiles, calves, or dangerous and exotic animals (e.g., primates, wolf pups)	
	No transport of manure/soiled bedding through public areas	
	Transition area at entrance between non-animal and animal areas	
	☐ Stroller and bag storage	
	Transition area at exit as people leave animal space to non-animal space	
	☐ Hand washing stations positioned near exit	
<u>Visitor Education</u>		
☐ Educational messages in multiple formats (e.g., signs, videos, recorded messages, stickers,		
bracelets, interaction of staff and visitors) \square Signage at entrances and exits		
	☐ No food or drink allowed in animal areas	
	\square No hand-to-mouth activities in the animal area (drinking, eating, bottles, pacifiers)	
	☐ Children under 5-years old, senior citizens, pregnant women, people with chronic	
	health conditions or a weakened immune system should be extra careful around animals	

	 Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water immediately after visiting the animals
	Staff members present to encourage safe animal contact
	Remind visitors to refrain from risky activities in the animal area (drinking, eating, bottles, pacifiers)
	Remind visitors to wash their hands after visiting the animal area
	Remind parents to supervise children with the animals
Staff Ed	<u>ducation</u>
	Review best practices and recommendations from the Compendium (mentioned in the directions) on an annual basis
	☐ Educate staff about the risk for disease and injury associated with animals
	☐ Educate staff on how diseases are transmitted from animals to people
	☐ Educate staff on prevention messages that should be shared with visitors
	Ensure staff feel comfortable explaining these concepts to visitors
	Explain staff members' role(s) in the petting zoo
	☐ Teach people about animals
	☐ Teach people how to enjoy animals safely by following these best practices
	Care and Management
	Sick or injured animal(s) immediately removed, especially if they have diarrhea/scours
ш	Manure/soiled bedding removed promptly
	 Limit visitor contact with manure/soiled bedding by restricting access (e.g., use of double barriers, sweeping up walkways, use of solid bottom fencing)
	Surfaces, especially pen railings, cleaned daily using soap and water
	Animals housed in a way that minimizes stress and overcrowding (this will decrease the amount of pathogen shedding in their feces)
	Feed provided in containers that won't be confused as human food (e.g., do not use ice cream cones)
For furt	her questions, please contact:

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